

Wastewater Treatment Plant Update and Industrial Pretreatment

Council Work Session August 31, 2020





Overview

- Background
 - Wastewater Treatment Plant
 - 2012 Wastewater Facilities Plan
- Discovery Process
 - Increased Influent Loads and Collection System Impacts
 - 2019 Wastewater Facilities Plan Update
- Status Update
- Industrial Pretreatment Program
- Next Steps



Terminology

- Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP)
- Influent
- Effluent
- BOD₅ Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- TSS Total Suspended Solids
- Fermentation Beverage Cluster
 - Breweries, Cideries and Distilleries











Background

- Constructed in 1974
- Flows
 - Permitted Dry Weather Flow = 4.0 mgd
 - Average Dry Weather Flow = 1.5 mgd
 - Average Wet Weather Flow = 12.6 mgd
 - Peak Flow = 20 mgd
- Process
 - Manual Screening
 - No Grit Removal
 - 3-Stage Lagoon System
 - Gas Chlorine for Disinfection





Background

- Issues Identified in 2012 Facilities Plan
 - Solids has never been removed from ponds
 - Cell #1 is full of grit and solids (< 40% of capacity)
 - Cell #2 and #3 has significant solids accumulation
 - Use of gas chlorine potential safety issues
 - pH violations during summer months
 - NPDES Permit is up for renewal
 - On Administrative Extension
 - Planned renewal in 2022

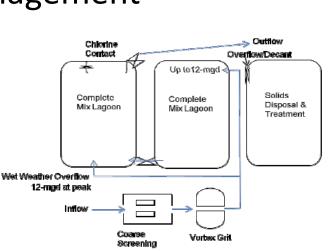




2012 Wastewater Facilities Plan

Recommended WWTP Improvements

- Keep lagoon treatment system
- Phase I Disinfection Upgrades
- Phase II New Headworks
- Phase III Clean Lagoons
- Phase IV Long-term Solids Management
- Phase V New Lab/Office





Recent Successes in Wastewater

- Dechlorination and pH Adjustment Facilities Constructed
- Pump Station #1 Upgraded
- NPDES Permit Renewal Application Submitted on Time





Recent Successes in Wastewater

- Dechlorination and pH Adjustment Facilities Constructed
- Pump Station #1 Upgraded
- NPDES Permit Renewal Application Submitted on Time
- Odor Control Pilot Project at Treatment Plant and PS#1
- Closed RV Dump Station
- Headworks Concept Plan Completed
- Wastewater Facilities Plan Update Completed
- Strategic Energy Management Reducing Power Usage
- CSO projects reduced overflow volume by ~90%

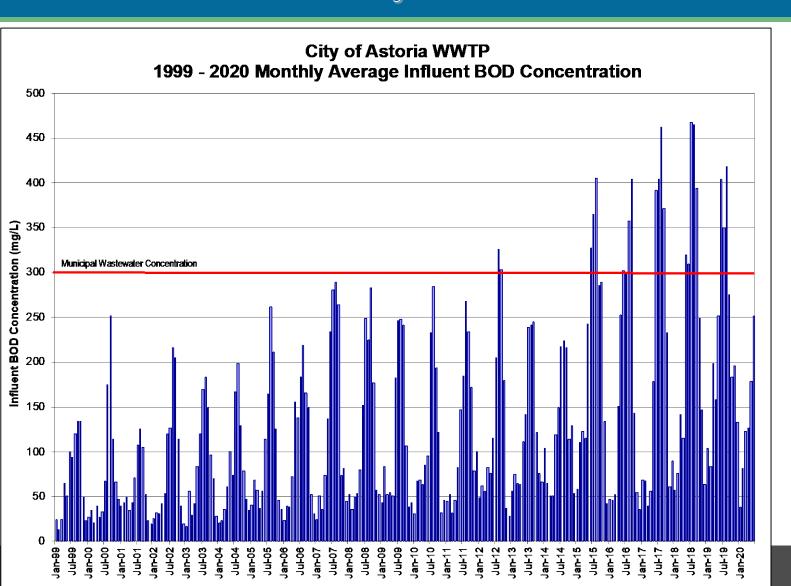


Since 2012 WWTP Facilities Plan

- Increase in WWTP influent/effluent BOD₅ concentration
- Increase in WWTP effluent BOD₅ NPDES permit exceedances
- Odors at Pump Station No. 1
- Increase in treatment/odor issues in summer and fall
- Implemented bioaugmentation (bugs) in collection system

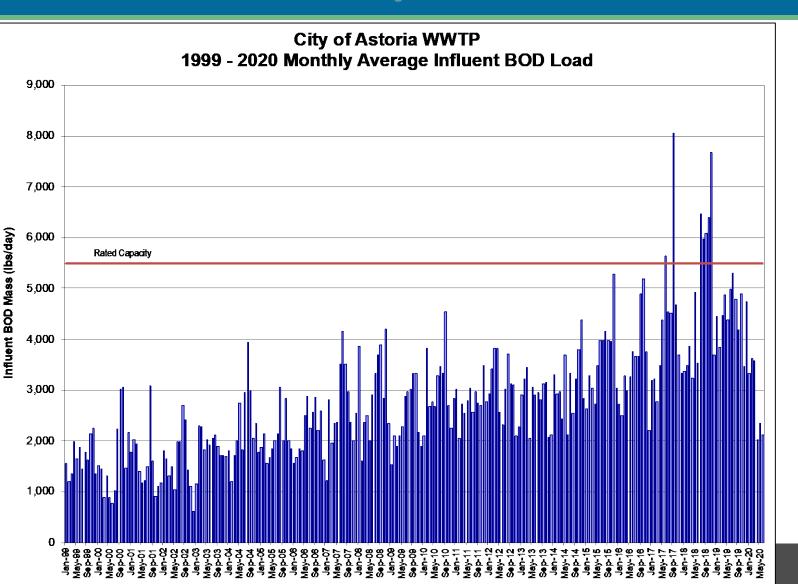


Increased Wastewater BOD₅ Concentration



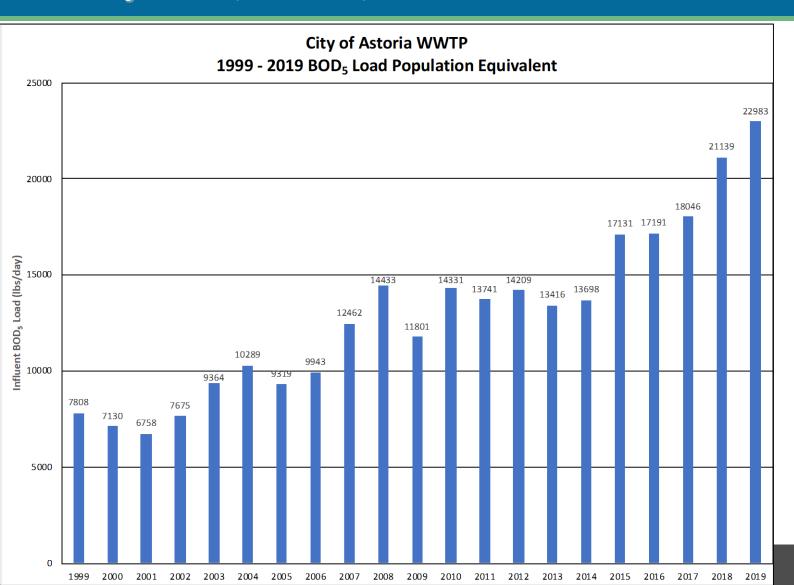


Increased Wastewater BOD₅ Load



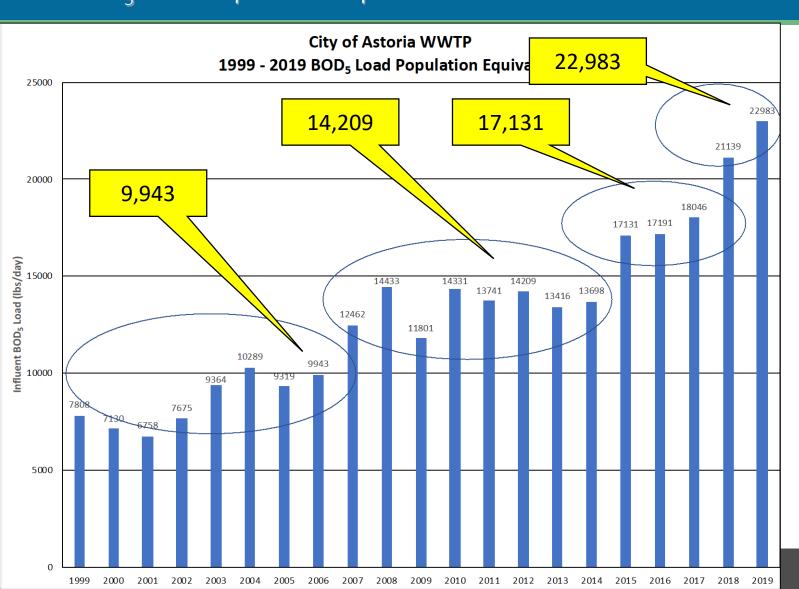


BOD₅ Load Population Equivalent





BOD₅ Load Population Equivalent





Continues

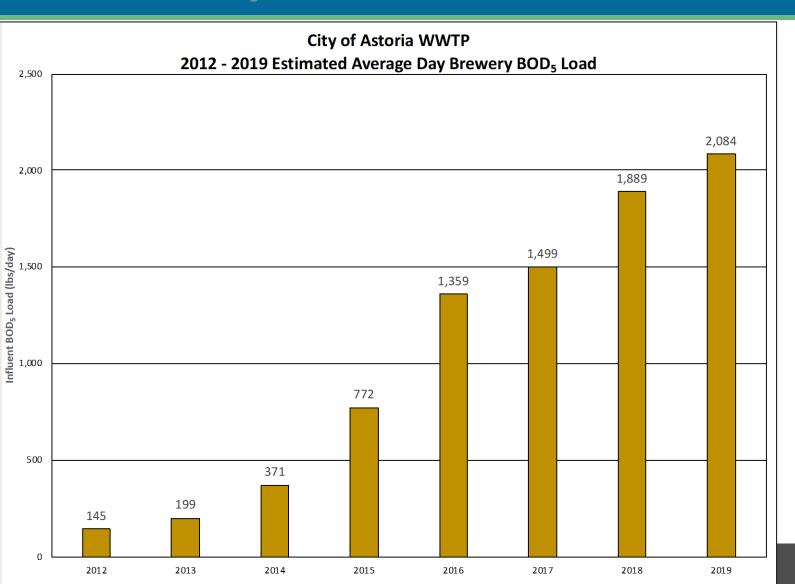
- WWTP is exceeding BOD₅ load rated capacity
- Still increased odors at WWTP and pump station
- Biological growth in collection system downstream of breweries
- Steam in the manholes downstream of breweries
- Slug flows observed at Pump Station #1
- Brewery odors at WWTP





Fermentation Beverage Cluster

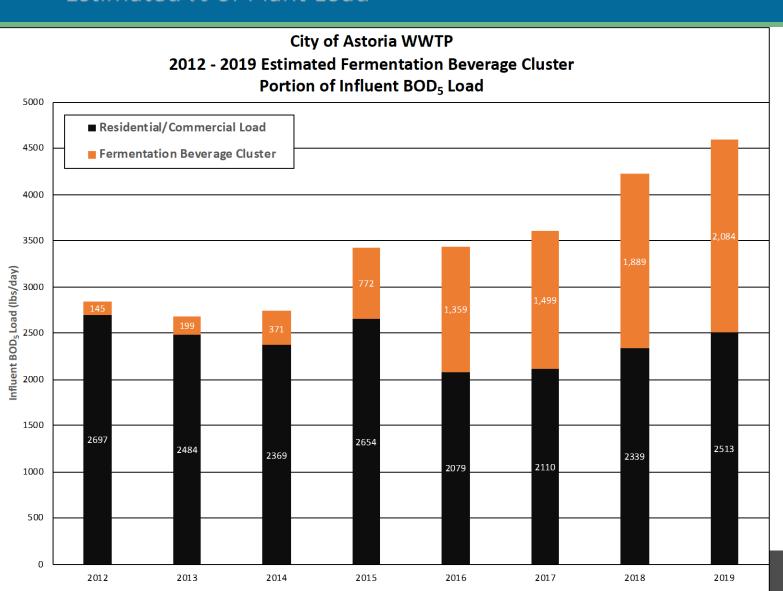
Estimated BOD₅ Discharge





Fermentation Beverage Cluster

Estimated % of Plant Load





Update

- 2017 Tour of WWTP and Breweries with DEQ
- City-hired professional engineer completed analysis of Fermentation Beverage Cluster loads on WWTP
- 2019 WWTP Facilities Plan Update completed
 - WWTP exceeding BOD₅ load-rated capacity
 - Headworks Project estimated at \$5 million with baffles to increase capacity
- BOD₅ loads from Fermentation Beverage Cluster categorized as Significant Industrial User per EPA
- Increase in Fermentation Beverage Cluster has caused issues in wastewater treatment nationwide



Update

- Specifically identified Fort George Brewery and Buoy Beer as significant industrial users
- Fort George Brewery and Buoy Beer hired consultant
- Meetings with City, Fort George Brewery, Buoy Beer, Regional Solutions Team (Business Oregon, DEQ, Governor's Office)
- Industrial Pretreatment Program a tool for managing high strength waste dischargers



Industrial Pretreatment Program

Framework

- Locally-Regulated versus State-Regulated Program
- User classifications
- Individual permits for industrial users
- Discharge limits (BOD₅, TSS, pH, temp)
- Excess strength charge for industrial users
- Rates for user classifications and excess strength charge
- Sampling and testing requirements
- Enforcement
- DEQ approval of locally-regulated Industrial Pretreatment Program



Other Considerations

- 2012 WWTP Facilities Plan and 2019 Update existing lagoon process expected to meet population growth needs through 2045
- Without appropriate industrial BOD₅ limit a mechanical plant will be required to handle the loads
- Mechanical plant capital cost range is \$40M 60M depending on size to treat wet weather flows
- O&M costs will be higher with mechanical plant



Other Considerations

- NPDES Permit limits will be more stringent with mechanical plant
- State-regulated Industrial Pretreatment Program likely to be required without Locally-regulated Industrial Pretreatment Program
- City denied fish processor requests to discharge to sewer system



Next Steps

- Another Council Work Session to discuss details of a City of Astoria Industrial Pretreatment Program
- Finalize Industrial Pretreatment Program strategy for Council authorization
- Prepare Industrial Pretreatment Permits for Fort George Brewery and Buoy Beer to support facility expansion timeline
- Create Locally-Regulated Industrial Pretreatment Program
- Develop Sewer Ordinance to support Industrial Pretreatment Program



QUESTIONS

